

Agricultural.

Seed Potatoes.

We know of no other question with which farmers are so intimately conversant, which has given rise to more diversity of opinion, than that whether large or small potatoes are the best for planting—and this very diversity of opinion impresses us with the belief that there is very little difference in the yield, so that the only matter for consideration is the cost of the seed, which must go in favor of the small potato.

Our own experience—and we admit it to be very limited—would give the preference to the small potato without regard to the cost of seed. The large potato may give a more luxuriant display of vines, and encourage the cultivator to expect a liberal yield; but we greatly doubt if a single well established instance can be adduced where the large seed has produced a larger crop, both kinds being in an equally good condition when planted.

We have now before us, three different communications in three different periods, viz: the *Rural New-Yorker*, the *Albany Cultivator*, and the *Granite* (N. H. Farmer)—as to the result of experiments with large and small seed—two of them favoring the large seed. The first is from Mr. C. Martin, from which we make the following extract:

"One year my father planted a field with small potatoes, except six or eight rows, which were planted with the seed ends of large ones saved for table use.—At hoeing time, those planted with seed ends looked much the best, the vines were large and thrifty. When ripe, we found the potatoes grown from small seed, 'small potatoes and few in a hill,'—those from the seed ends were good size and a fair yield; full twice that of the other.

"Many experiments since have convinced me that large potatoes are to be preferred for seed, as they produce more healthy and vigorous plants, and, with me, have yielded the largest crops, with but few small potatoes, compared with the yield where only small potatoes were planted. In good seasons and on good soil, I have raised fair crops from small potatoes, but they have not succeeded well as a general thing.

"I have resided thirty years in Oswego co., and have raised from one to six hundred bushels of potatoes per year. Before the rot commenced its ravages, I used to get the best crops when I planted early in June; the reason for this was that they kept green and in good growing condition until the drought of summer was over, and the weather became more favorable for their growth. Much depends, I think, in sowing the variety to the soil.

"Large potatoes, with the seed end cut off, will keep fit for the table for six or eight weeks about as well as whole ones, and thus you may use them for eating, instead of manuring the land with them, as some complain, and you need use no more seed to the acre than of small ones."

The next is from T. F., of Michigan: "On the 30th of April, 1851, I planted, on one square rod of ground, in seventy-two hills, seventy-two small potatoes, from the size of a hickorynut to that of a hen's egg. The seed measured about two quarts, and weighed three and a half pounds. To plant an acre in this manner would require ten bushels of seed. On the same day, on a square rod adjoining, I planted seventy-two large potatoes, in seventy-two hills, placing one in each hill, without cutting. The seed measured more than a peck, and weighed fifteen pounds.

"On the 20th of August I dug both patches. The product of the small potatoes was five pecks, weighing eighty-four lbs. which would give a yield of two hundred bushels to an acre. The product of the large potatoes was one hundred and fifty-eight pounds, measuring nine pecks, which would give three hundred and sixty bushels to the acre. The vines averaged four to each hill, while those of the small potatoes were only three. The vines from the large potatoes grew much faster and larger than the other, but in the size of the potatoes there was no great difference.

The third communication gives us the following experiment, which, being on a larger scale, seems to be founded on a better basis.

"In the fall of 1848 I measured off two acres of ground and had it deeply plowed. The soil is warm, sandy loam, with a deep sandy subsoil and was at the time of plowing, down to timothy, meadow, three years from sowing. It was plowed in the fall, for the purpose of exterminating the cut-worm, which abounded. The following April we hauled upon it one hundred two horse wagon loads of well rotted barnyard manure, spread it evenly and plowed nine inches deep, harrowed well, marked out drills four inches deep, and three feet apart, and planted with fine large Neshannock potatoes, chosen and preserved carefully for the purpose. The potatoes were cut and planted at the rate of twenty bushels to the acre. The large seed was insufficient to complete the planting and we were forced to have re-

course to the culls, about size of the walnuts. The plants came up well, and were worked with the cultivator. No apparent difference between the large and small seed. They were dug about the middle of September, commencing at the rows planted with the small seed, (about a quarter of an acre.) We were surprised to find the potatoes so large and the yield so good, it having been a favorite theory of mine that the largest potatoes alone should be planted, to make a good return. We measured carefully several rows, and made large calculations on the probable yield of the large seed. Judge then of our surprise, when measuring several rows of the latter, to find that they fell a little short of the former; both in quantity and quality."

From these discordant statements, farmers must decide for themselves—there being but little risk encountered whether they adopt the large or small potatoes for seed.

FIFTY DOLLARS FORFEIT. Dr. Hunter will forfeit \$50 if failing to cure any case of secret disease that may come under his care, no matter how long standing or affecting. Either sex are invited to his Private Rooms, 38 North Seventh Street Philadelphia, without fear of interruption from other patients. Strangers and others who have been unfortunate in the selection of a Physician are invited to call.

IMPOTENCY.—Through unrestrained indulgence of the passions, by excess or self-abuse, the evils are numerous. Premature impotency, involuntary seminal discharges, wasting of the organs, loss of memory, a distaste for female society, general debility, or constitutional derangement, are sure to follow. If necessary, consult the Doctor with confidence; he offers a perfect cure.

READ AND REFLECT.—The afflicted would do well to reflect before trusting their health, happiness, and in many cases their lives, in the hands of Physicians ignorant of this class of maladies. It is certainly impossible for one man to understand all the ills the human family are subject to. Every respectable physician has his peculiar branch, in which he is more successful than his brother professors, and to that he devotes most of his time and study.

YEARS OF PRACTICE.—Exclusively devoted to the study and treatment of diseases of the sexual organs, together with ulcers upon the body, throat, nose, or legs, pains in head, or bones, mercurial rheumatism, stricture, gravel, irregularities, disease arising from youthful excesses, or impurities of the blood, whereby the constitution has become enfeebled, enables the Doctor to offer speedy relief to all who may place themselves under his care.

Medicines forwarded to any part of the United States.—Price five and ten dollars per package. [Nov. 18, 1852-ly.]

OFFICE TO PROCURE Soldiers' Land Warrants.

By a recent Act of Congress it is enacted, That each of the surviving, or the widow or minor children of deceased commissioned and non-commissioned officers, musicians, or privates, whether of regulars, volunteers, rangers or militia, who performed military services in any regiment, company or detachment in the service of the United States, in the war with Great Britain, declared by the United States on the eighteenth day of June 1812, or in any of the Indian wars since 1790 and each of the commissioned officers who was engaged in the military service of the United States in the late war with Mexico, and shall be entitled to lands as follows:—Those who engaged to serve twelve months or during the war, and actually served nine months, shall receive one hundred and sixty acres; and those who engaged to serve six months and actually served four months, shall receive eighty acres; and those who engaged to serve for any or an indefinite period, and actually served one month, shall receive forty acres. Provided, that wherever any officer or soldier was honorably discharged in consequence of disability in the service, he shall receive the amount to which he would have been entitled if he had served the full period for which he was engaged to serve.

Under the above act, and the acts of Congress generally, the subscriber offers his services as agent to procure Land Warrants for those entitled to receive them, as above specified. He may be found at his office in Stroudsburg. S. C. BURNETT. October 27, 1850.

Indian Queen Hotel,

Elizabeth st., Stroudsburg, Pa. The undersigned respectfully informs his friends and the public generally, that he has taken the above Hotel, known to the traveling community as "Shave's Old Stand," and recently kept by Geo. Sweetwood.

The house is large, with ever convenient for travellers and boarders. The yards and stables are extensive, and every thing in the very best order for the accommodation of travellers and others. The proprietor will use every effort to have his table, chambers, bar, and every department of his house conducted in such a manner as to secure the approbation of his customers.

The Stage office for the Easton, M. Chunk, Wilkes-Barre, White Haven and Providence stages will hereafter be at the above Hotel.—Persons wishing to go or send with the above stages, will please leave their orders at the Indian Queen Hotel.

These lines leave this Hotel every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday morning at 7 o'clock.

JOSEPH J. POSTENS. January 1, 1853.

Every Family should have a copy.

An invaluable book, only 25 cts. per copy.—Man know thyself.

DR. HUNTER'S MANUAL & HAND BOOK for the afflicted. Containing an outline of the Origin, Progress, Treatment and Cure of every form of disease, contracted by promiscuous Sexual intercourse, by Self-abuse, or Sexual Excess, with advice for their prevention, written in a familiar style, avoiding all medical technicalities, and everything that would offend the ear of decency, from the result of some twenty years successful practice, exclusively devoted to the cure of diseases of a delicate or private nature. To which is added, receipts for the above diseases, and a treatise on the causes, symptoms and cure of the Fever and Ague, for twenty five cents a copy; six copies one dollar; will be forwarded to any part of the United States, by mail, free of postage. Address, postage paid, "Box, 196 Post Office, or the Author, 38 North Seventh Street Philadelphia.

BLANK DEEDS For sale at this Office.



5500 CHALLENGE.

Whatever concerns the happiness and health of a people is at all times of the most valuable importance. I take it for granted that every person will do all in their power, to save the lives of their children, and that every person will endeavor to promote their own health at all sacrifices. I feel it to be my duty to solemnly assure you that worms according to the opinion of the most celebrated Physicians, are the primary causes of a large majority of diseases to which children and adults are liable; if you have an appetite continually changeable from one kind of food to another, Bad Breath, Pain in the Stomach, Picking at the Nose, Hardness and Fullness of the Belly, Dry Cough, Slow Fever, Pulse Irregular—remember that all these denote worms, and you should at once apply the remedy:—

Hobensack's Worm Syrup.

An article founded upon Scientific Principles, compounded with purely vegetable substances, being perfectly safe when taken, and can be given to the most tender Infant with decided beneficial effect, where Bowel Complaints and Diarrhea have made them weak and debilitated, the Tonic properties of my Worm Syrup are such, that it stands without an equal in the catalogue of medicines, in giving tone and strength to the Stomach which makes it an infallible remedy for those afflicted with Dyspepsia, the astonishing cures performed by this Syrup after Physicians have failed, is the best evidence of its superior efficacy over all others.

The Tape Worm!

This is the most difficult Worm to destroy of all that infest the human system. It grows to an almost indefinite length, becoming so coiled and fastened in the Intestines and Stomach, affecting the health so badly as to cause St. Vitus Dance, Fits, &c. those afflicted seldom if ever suspect that it is Tape Worm hastening them to an early grave. In order to destroy this Worm a very energetic treatment must be pursued, it would therefore be proper to take 6 or 8 of my Liver Pills so as to remove all obstructions, that the Worm Syrup may act direct upon the Worm which must be taken in doses of 2 Table spoons full 3 times a day, these directions followed, have never been known to fail in curing the most obstinate case of Tape Worm.

Hobensack's Liver Pills.

No part of man is more liable to disease than the Liver, it serving as a filter to purify the blood, or giving the proper secretion to the bile; so that any wrong action of the Liver affects the other important parts of the system, and results variously, in Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, &c.—We should therefore, watch every symptom that might indicate a wrong action of the Liver. These Pills being composed of Roots and Plants furnished by nature to heal the sick; namely 1st, An Expectant, which augments the secretion from the Pulmonary mucus membrane, or promotes the discharge of secreted matter. 2d, An Alterative, which changes in some explicable and insensible manner, the certain morbid action of the system. 3d, A Tonic, which gives tone and strength to the nervous system, renewing health and vigor to all parts of the body. 4th, A Cathartic, which acts in perfect harmony with the other ingredients, and operating on the Bowels, and expelling the whole mass of corrupt and vitiated matter, and purifying the Blood, which destroys disease and restores health.

To Females.

You will find these Pills an invaluable medicine in many complaints to which you are subject. In obstructions either total or partial, they have been found of inestimable benefit, restoring their fractional arrangement to a healthy action, purifying the blood and other fluids so effectually to put to flight all complaints which may arise from female irregularities, as head ache, giddiness, dimness of sight, pain in the side, back, &c.

None genuine unless signed J. N. Hobensack, all others being base imitations. Agents wishing new supplies, and Store Keepers wishing to become Agents, must address the Proprietor J. N. Hobensack No 120 N. Second st., Phila., Pa.

Agents in Monroe County.

Dr. S. Stokes and R. Huston, Stroudsburg; H. Peters, J. & Co. Marshalls creek; Staples & Shirley, Ansonia; J. Bell, Experiment Mills. Broadhead & Bro. Doutsburg; H. & J. Kintz, Paradise; J. Merwine, Merwinville; Daily & Tomblere, Effert; Edinger & Marsh, Fennersville; Keller & Hoffman, Kellersville; and all dealers in drugs throughout the county and State.

Price, each 25 cents. March 10, 1853.

Cure of Consumption,

Liver Complaint, Colds, Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis, and All Throat and Lung Complaints.

I have published a brief work on Consumption, which contains an invaluable recipe for the cure of these prevalent diseases, even in their worst stages, when friends and physicians have given up all hope. The Lung Balsam prescribed in this work, Cures without the expensive aid of physicians or injurious use of patent medicines. In adopting this System of Cure the patient knows what he is using—knows that he is not shortening his days by the use of anodynes or mercurials, which may seem to relieve but never Cure. He knows when using this Life-saving Balsam, that he is taking mild, pleasant, efficacious remedies, such as Nature prescribed for the ill her children suffer. The ingredients composing this Lung Balsam are obtainable (cheaply too) wherever consumption exists, proving that Every ill has its antidote. Consumptive patients may rely on this receipt (all Lung Complaints are removed by it, had I would not attach my name to it, had I doubt of its efficacy. The directions for preparing and using the Balsam are perfectly plain. I prefer selling the Recipe to making the Balsam, as it enables people to Make their own Medicine at a Trifling Cost. I will impart the secret of making the Balsam, and the Family right to use it, for \$1, but in no case will I sell it for speculating purposes.

Proof of its Goodness.

JACKSON, Mich. March 21, 1851. Doct. S. TOUSEY—Sir: You wished me to let you know what effect your preparation of Medicine for Consumption and other diseases had in my family. After the first ten days my wife gained in weight 31bs, relieved her cough, changed her countenance, and all appearances were better. My family would not be willing to do without it. It is a medicine much needed in Jackson—there is many cases similar to my wife's. The Rev Mr. Blanchard will write you for a recipe. Respectfully yours, O. F. POOL. Address, post paid, (enclosing \$1) Dr. S. TOUSEY, 106 Nassau street, New York.—The work goes by mail under seal. October 7, 1851-m



STAGE LINES.

The Stroudsburg and Easton mail line of stages, consists of excellent four horse coaches, and leaves J. J. Postens' Indian Queen Hotel, Stroudsburg, Pa. every day (except Sundays) at 7 o'clock a. m. arriving in Easton before the departure of the cars for New York, or stages to Bethlehem and Allentown.

The following lines leaves Postens' Indian Queen Hotel, Stroudsburg, Pa. every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, returning on alternate days:

A line to Port Jervis, leaving at 7 o'clock a. m. via Bushkill, Dingman's Choice and Milford. Returning, leaves Port Jervis immediately after the arrival of the morning train of cars to New York, at about 5 o'clock a. m.

A line to Mauch Chunk, leaving at 7 o'clock a. m. via Brodheadsville, where it connects with lines to Wilkes-Barre and White Haven.

A line to Scranton, leaving at 1 o'clock a. m. via Bartonville, Tannersville, where it connects with a line to Honesdale, and connecting at Scranton with the cars for the west.

These lines hold out strong inducements to the traveling public—passing through sections of the country which are as magnificent and picturesque as any in the Union.

Having provided themselves with excellent coaches, good horses, and careful drivers, they feel confident that they will be enabled to give entire satisfaction to all who will patronize them.

STOFFER & OSTRANDER, Proprietors. August 19, 1852.



B. A. FARNESTOCK'S VERMIFUGE.

A SURE REMEDY FOR WORMS.

The testimony in its favor is over-whelming. The proprietors are daily in receipt of letters and certificates, going to prove its remarkable efficiency to all cases of worms, both in children and adults. The relief given, and the immediate improvement of health which follows its use, has called the attention of physicians to this article, and they freely recommend & prescribe it in their practice.

The retail price is 25 cents per vial which brings it within the means of all. Brooklyn, L. I. January 16, 1847.

I do certify that I gave one bottle of B. A. Farnestock's Vermifuge to my child, and in seven hours it passed 23 large worms. Any person doubting this may apply for further information at my residence corner of York and Jackson's sts. JAMES MCCAFFREY.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y. March 2, 1844. I certify, that I took two vials of B. A. Farnestock's Vermifuge, which I found to be the greatest cure for worms I have ever used. I have been troubled with tape worms for a number of years, and I have never found so good a medicine as B. A. Farnestock's Vermifuge. I therefore recommend it.

MARTHA CLIFT.

The public is cautioned against counterfeits and spurious articles, and to put no confidence in statements that "Kolmstock's," and "S. Farnestock's Vermifuge," are the same or as good as the only genuine article, which is B. A. Farnestock's Vermifuge. For sale in Stroudsburg, by T. Schoch.

Stroudsburg Jewelry Store.

The subscriber having purchased the entire stock of Clocks, Watches, Jewellery, &c. of John H. Melick, intends carrying on the Watch Making and Jewellery business in all its various forms, and in a manner, he trusts, that will give the most entire satisfaction, not only to himself but to those trusting the above mentioned articles with him to be repaired. He has renewed his stock by recent purchases in the city of New York, which, together with his former stock, makes his assortment at this time one of the most splendid ever before offered in Stroudsburg; among which may be found all the latest fashions in the structure and embellishment of dress Jewellery, viz: Breast Pins, Ear Rings, Finger Rings, Gold Lockets, Snaps, Bracelets, Slides, Silver Spoons, Butter Knives, and Britannia Ware, together with a large assortment of Gold and Silver Watches, Clocks, Perfumery, &c., together with all the articles that can be found in any establishment of the kind.

Watch Repairing.

Being an important as well as a skillful part of his business, he flatters himself he can give as general satisfaction to his customers and the public as can be done by any one, as he intends to keep none but the best workmen in his employ; and feeling confident that all shall have entire satisfaction done them, he intends to devote his whole time and attention to that important branch of his business. Anything in his line that he may not have on hand, will be promptly procured from the city, by calling on the subscriber at his shop, on Elizabeth street, two doors west of J. H. Melick's old stand.

SAMUEL MELICK. Stroudsburg, May 6, 1852.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, WATERMAN & OSBORN,

N. W. Corner Second and Mulberry Streets, Philadelphia. OFFER FOR SALE A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF TEAS, COFFEES, SUGARS, MOLASSES, SPICES, &c. &c.

At the Lowest Market rates. Those commencing New Stores are particularly invited to call. Attention given to Produce. Philadelphia, January 27, 1853-3m.



MONROE COUNTY Mutual Fire Insurance Comp'y.

The rate of Insurance is one dollar on the thousand dollars insured, after which payment no subsequent tax will be levied, except to cover actual loss or damage by fire, that may fall upon members of the company.

The net profits arising from interest or otherwise, will be ascertained yearly, for which each member in proportion to his, her, or their deposit, will have a credit in the company. Each insurer in or with the said company will be a member thereof during the term of his or her policy. The principle of Mutual Insurance has been thoroughly tested—has been tried by the unerring test of experience, and has proved successful and become very popular. It affords the greatest security against loss or damage by fire, on the most advantageous and reasonable terms.

Applications for Insurance to be made in person, or by letters addressed to JAMES H. WALTON, Sec'y.

MANAGERS.

John Edinger, John S. Heller, Andrew Storm, James H. Walton, Silas L. Drake, M. H. Dreher, Geo. B. Keller, Richard S. Staples, Robert Boys, Joseph Trach, Jacob Stoffler, Charles D. Brodhead, Michael Shoemaker.

R. S. STAPLES, President.

J. H. WALTON, Treasurer.

Stroudsburg, Sept. 23, 1852.

HORSES MADE SOUND BY THE

Horse Owner's Secret.

Being a new and certain remedy for the speedy

Cure of Heaves,

By SIR JAMES LYNDONTON,

Principal Farrier to his Royal Highness Prince Albert.

THE great discovery contained in this little work procured Sir James his Baronetcy. It is really worth its weight in gold to all who own or use Horses. It prescribes a certain and positive cure for Heaves which any person can prepare. The remedy is better and cheaper than any advertised Heave Powder, and is perfectly safe, as any one can know who tries it. Horse owners know that many valuable Horses lose half its price by this prevalent disease. The remedy prescribed in this work will cure him and increase his market value, besides relieving the poor beast of a horrible complaint, similar to the Asthma in a man. The public can depend on this work; it is no catchpenny humbug. The articles prescribed by Sir James are all cheap and can be had at any store. To prevent imposition the work will be sent in sealed envelopes. English price four shillings and three pence; sterling—American price, \$1 per copy. Persons ordering Sir James' Work, are expected to confine his instructions to their own animals—it will be sent to none others.

An American Horse Doctor approves of the above System! Read what he says:

APPLETON, Ohio, July 21, 1851.

Mr. DUNBORTON.—I have tried your Secret for the cure of Heaves, and approve of it very much. Yours truly,

[Witness, G. Long.] S. LARK, Horse Dr.

To procure this valuable little work. Address, post paid.

JOHN DUNBORTON,

English Horse Doctor,

American Agent for James Lyndontons' Horse Owner's Secret.

New York Post Office.

The Secret is sent by mail letter postage.

LAW CIRCULAR.

WORTHINGTON G. SNETIKEN, Washington, D. C., continues to practice law exclusively in the supreme court, and to attend to cases before Congress; to prosecute claims on settled accounts against the departments, bureaus, and boards of commissioners; to procure patents for invention, at home and abroad, and to obtain pensions and bounty lands; to collect debts, dividends, legacies, and inheritances in any part of the United States and foreign countries; to make investments of funds in loans and stocks and on bond and mortgage, and to negotiate the purchase and sale of loans, lands and patent rights in any state of the Union.

India Rubber Gloves, Mittens, &c.

COUNTRY MERCHANTS, in making their purchases, should not neglect these desirable and saleable articles. Their manufacture has been much improved recently and they are made very durable. Particular attention is requested to the Wool Lined Gloves and Mittens.

They are indispensable in cold and wet weather. Ladies will find these Gloves useful in any work that will soil the hands, at the same time that they will cure the worst Salt Rheum or Chapped Hands immediately. They are made all lengths to protect the arms and wrists.

For sale by Wilcox, Billings & Co. No. 3 Church Alley, Phila. Goodyear's 68 Chesnut street do. J. & H. Phillips, Pittsburgh, Pa. Falconer & Huskell, Baltimore, Md. W. Shaffer, Charleston, S. C. Bart & Hickox, Cincinnati, Ohio, and by all Rubber Dealers in the Union.

For sale at retail by Country Merchants generally.

November 25, 1852.—2m

JOHN PALMER & SON

RESPECTFULLY inform the Merchants of Stroudsburg and vicinity, that they have on hand and are manufacturing

PURE TALLOW CANDLES,

in the Borough of Stroudsburg, and will keep constantly on hand a full supply, which they offer for sale at as low rates as can be had at any other establishment. Call before purchasing elsewhere.

Stroudsburg, June 16, 1853.

Brodhead & Roberts,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Boots, Shoes & Straw Goods,

No. 135 North Third Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

April 14, 1853.—3m.

LIVER COMPLAINT, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys,

and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach, such as constipation, head-ward piles, fullness or blood to the head, acidity of the stomach, nausea, heartburn, disgust for food, fullness, or weight in the stomach, sour eructations, sinking or fluttering at the pit of the stomach, swimming or the head, hurried and difficult breathing, fluttering at the heart, choking or suffocating sensations when in a lying posture, dimness of vision, dots or webs before the sight, fever and dull pain in the head, deficiency of perspiration, yellowness of the skin & eyes, pain in the side, back, chest, limbs, &c. sudden flushes of heat, burning in the flesh, constant imaginings of evil and great depression of spirits, can be effectually cured by

Dr. Hoofland's celebrated German Bitters

PREPARED BY

Dr. C. M. JACKSON,

at the German Medicine Store, 130 Arch st. Philadelphia. Their power over the above diseases is not excelled—if equalled—by any other preparation in the United States, as the cures attest, in many cases after skillful physicians had failed.

These Bitters are worthy the attention of invalids. Possessing great virtues in the rectification of diseases of the Liver and lesser glands, exercising the most searching powers in weakness and affections of the digestive organs, they are vital, safe, certain and pleasant.

Read and be Convinced.

From the Boston Bee.

The editor said, Dec. 22nd—Dr. Hoofland's celebrated German Bitters for the cure of Liver complaint, jaundice, dyspepsia, chronic or nervous debility, is deservedly one of the most popular medicines of the day. These Bitters have been used by thousands, and a friend at our elbow says he has himself received an effectual and permanent cure of Liver complaint from the use of this remedy.

We are convinced that, in the use of these Bitters, the patient constantly gains strength and vigor—a fact worthy of great consideration. They are pleasant in taste and smell and can be used by persons with the most delicate stomachs with safety, under any circumstances. We are speaking from experience, and to the afflicted we advise their use.

"SCOTT'S WEEKLY," one of the best literary papers published, said, Aug. 25—

"Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters, manufactured by Dr. Jackson, are now recommended by some of the most prominent members of the faculty as an article of much efficacy in cases of female weakness. As such is the case, we would advise all mothers to obtain a bottle, and thus save themselves much sickness. Persons of debilitated constitutions will find these Bitters advantageous to their health, as we know from experience the salutary effect they have upon weak systems."

More Evidence.

The Hon. C. D. Hineley, Mayor of the City of Camden, N. J. says:

"Hoofland's German Bitters.—We have seen many flattering notices of this medicine, and the source from which they came induced us to make inquiry respecting its merits.—From inquiry we were persuaded to use it, and must say we found it specific in its action upon disease of the liver and digestive organs, and the powerful influence it exerts upon nervous prostration is really surprising. It calms and strengthens the nerves, bringing them into a state of repose, making sleep refreshing.

"If this medicine was more generally used we are satisfied there would be less sickness, as from the stomach, liver, and nervous system the great majority of real and imaginary diseases emanate. Have them in a healthy condition, and you can bid defiance to epidemics generally. This extraordinary medicine we would advise our friends who are at all indisposed, to give a trial—it will remedy itself. It should, in fact, be in every family. No other medicine can produce such evidences of merit."

Evidence upon evidence has been received (like the foregoing) from all sections of the Union, the last three years, and the strongest testimony in its favor, is, that there is more of it used in the practice of the regular Physicians of Philadelphia, than all other nostrums combined, a fact that can easily be established, and fully proving that a scientific preparation will meet with their quiet approval when presented even in this form.

That this medicine will cure Liver Complaint and Dyspepsia, no one can doubt after using it as directed. It acts specifically upon the stomach and liver; it is preferable to calomel in all bilious diseases—the effect is immediate. They can be administered to female or infant with safety and reliable benefit at any time.

Look well to the marks of the genuine. They have the written signature of C. M. JACKSON upon the wrapper, and his name blown in the bottle, without which they are spurious.

For sale Wholesale and Retail at the German Medicine Store, No. 130 Arch street, one door below 6th, Philadelphia; and by respectable dealers generally through the country. Prices reduced.—To enable all classes of invalids to enjoy the advantages of their great restorative powers.